We Claim:

1. A dispersion and dispersion slope compensating optical waveguide fiber comprising:

a core region surrounded by and in contact with a clad layer, said core region including three segments, a central segment and a first and a second annular segment surrounding said central segment, each said segment having respective radii, r_i, relative refractive index percents, Δ_i %, where i takes on values 1, 2, and 3 beginning with 1 for the central segment, and refractive index profiles; wherein,

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 Δ_1 % is greater than 1.4%, r_1 is less than 3 μ m;

 $\Delta_2\%$ is more negative than -0.3%, r_2 is greater than 6 $\mu m;$

 $\Delta_3\%$ is greater than 0.15%, r_3 is greater than 9 $\mu m;$

 Δ_1 % is greater than Δ_3 %, r_3 is greater than r_2 ; and,

the combination of Δ_i %'s and r_i 's is selected to provide a negative total dispersion slope and a ratio of total dispersion to total dispersion slope in the range of 40 nm to 60 nm at a wavelength of 1550 nm.

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2. The compensating optical waveguide fiber of claim 1 wherein;

$$1.4\% \le \Delta_1\% \le 2\%$$
, $1.5 \ \mu m \le r_1 \le 3.0 \ \mu m$;

$$-0.3\% \le \Delta_2\% \le -0.45\%$$
, 6.0 $\mu m \le r_2 \le 8.0 \ \mu m$; and,

$$0.15\% \le \Delta_3\% \le 0.85\%, \ 9 \ \mu m \le r_3 \le 12.0 \ \mu m.$$

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3. The compensating waveguide of either one of claims 1 or 2 wherein attenuation at 1550 nm is less than 0.60 dB/km and total dispersion slope is more negative than -1.5 ps/nm²-km at 1550 nm.

4. The compensating optical waveguide fiber of either one of claims 1 or 2 further including a first and a second clad layer, said first layer being nearer t the core region, each said layer having respective radii, rcj, relative refractive index percents, Δ_{ci} %, where j takes on values 1 and 2, the value 1 corresponding to an inner clad layer and the value 2 to an outer clad layer, wherein;

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 $\Delta_{c1}\%$ < $\Delta_{c2}\%,~r_{1c}$ > 22 $\mu m,$ and the difference between $\Delta_{c2}\%$ and $\Delta_{c1}\%$ is less than or equal to 0.1%.

- 5. The compensating optical waveguide fiber of claim 4 wherein r_{1c} has a range from 25 μm to 35 μm and the difference between $\Delta_{c1}\%$ and $\Delta_{c2}\%$ has a range from 0.05% to 0.08%.
- 6. The compensating optical waveguide fiber of claim 5 wherein both cut off wavelength and zero dispersion wavelength are less than or equal to 1525 nm.
- 7. The compensating optical waveguide fiber of claim 6 wherein attenuation at 1550 nm is less than 0.60 dB/km and total dispersion slope is more negative than -1.5 ps/nm²-km at 1550 nm.
- 8. A total dispersion and total dispersion slope compensated optical waveguide fiber span comprising;
- a first length L₁ of optical waveguide fiber having, at 1550 nm, a positive total dispersion and total dispersion slope;
- a second length L2 of optical waveguide fiber having, at 1550 nm, a negative total dispersion and negative total dispersion slope, said second length optically coupled in series arrangement with said first length; wherein,
- the ratio of total dispersion to total dispersion slope, at 1550 nm of said first and second lengths are equal to each other to within 5%, the ratio of the first length to the second length is not less than 35, and the end to end total dispersion of said span has a pre-selected value at 1550 nm.
- 9. The compensated span of claim 8 wherein the pre-selected end to end total dispersion at 1550 nm is zero and the local total dispersion along said span has a magnitude greater than or equal to 1.0 ps/nm-km.

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- 10. The compensated span of claim 8 wherein the ratio of total dispersion to total dispersion slope at 1550 nm for both said first and second optical waveguide fiber lengths have a range from 40 nm to 60 nm.
- 5 11. The compensated span of claim 8 wherein said second length of optical waveguide fiber includes a core region surrounded by and in contact with a clad layer, said core region including three segments, a central segment and a first and a second annular segment, each said segment having respective radii, r_i , relative refractive index percents, Δ_i %, where i takes on values 1, 2, and 3 10 beginning with 1 for the central segment, and a refractive index profile; wherein,

 Δ_1 % is greater than 1.4%, r_1 is less than 3 μ m; Δ_2 % is more negative than -0.3%, r_2 is greater than 6 μ m; Δ_3 % is greater than 0.15%, r_3 is greater than 9 μ m; Δ_1 % is greater than Δ_3 %, r_3 is greater than r_2 .

12. The compensated span of claim 11 wherein said second optical waveguide fiber length has core segment values:

1.4%
$$\leq \Delta_1\% \leq$$
 2%, 1.5 μm $\leq r_1 \leq$ 3.0 μm;
-0.3% $\leq \Delta_2\% \leq$ -0.45%, 6.0 μm $\leq r_2 \leq$ 8.0 μm; and,
0.15% $\leq \Delta_3\% \leq$ 0.85%, 9 μm $\leq r_3 \leq$ 12.0 μm.

13. The compensated span of claim 12 wherein said second length of optical waveguide fiber further includes a first and a second clad layer, each said layer having respective radii, r_{cj} , relative refractive index percents, $\Delta_{cj}\%$, where j takes on values 1 and 2, the value 1 corresponding to an inner clad layer and the value 2 to an outer clad layer, wherein:

 $\Delta_{c1}\%$ < $\Delta_{c2}\%,~r_{1c}$ > 22 $\mu m,$ and the difference between $\Delta_{c2}\%$ and $\Delta_{c1}\%$ is less than or equal to 0.1%.

14. The compensated span of claim 13 wherein said second length of optical waveguide fiber has, at 1550 nm, a slope more negative than -1.5 ps/nm²-km, an attenuation less than 0.60 dB/km, and a cut off wavelength less than 1525 nm.